## The Star-Spangled Banner

Francis Scott Key
arr. Larry Minton
SA







## The Star-Spangled Banner in B flat





SAB








## Notes on The Star-Spangled Banner

The text of the National Anthem of the United States of America was written on September 14, 1814 by Francis Scott Key (1779-1843), after watching the British Navy's bombardment of Fort McHenry in Baltimore, Maryland. Its metre matched a popular English song, and with that melody was officially selected as the National Anthem in 1914.

Ever since, the song has generated controversy. Some considered it too difficult to sing (although few actual singers agree). Others think it sounds too military. Most recently, lyrics in the never-sung third verse referring to British "hirelings and slaves" have been called racist. This view ignores the facts that:

- Not all slaves, worldwide, were Black;
- Colonial subjects of the British Empire were considered "slaves" during and after the Revolution, particularly those conscripted into the military, so the term is combined with "hirelings" (mercenaries such the Hessians);
- The forces of both sides included free Black soldiers, and those on the American sides volunteered, while those fighting for Britain were promised freedom after their service.

Some contend that "America the Beautiful" is more suitable. However, if you change a few physical features, it could be any. nation ("O beautiful for snowy skies, for pale green tundra hills... Siberia, Siberia, God gave great cold to thee...").
"The Star-Spangled Banner" is uniquely American. Its closing stanza asks whether this flag stiłl flies above a nation dedicated the freedom of all, with the courage to struggle through great hardships to achieve the ideals of its founders. Singing it should remind all Americans, regardless of ethnicity or religion, that it is our own responsibility to live our lives so those ideals will prevail.

